

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 5 77 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD CHICAGO, IL 60604-3590

APR 2 1 2017

REPLY TO THE ATTENTION OF WC-15J

CERTIFIED MAIL 7009 1680 0000 7646 0552 RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED



Re:

Administrative Order Docket No. V-W-11-AO-05

Ex. 6. (Personal Privacy)

Dear

Based on the information you have provided regarding the requirements of the Administrative Order (AO) and the compliance inspection conducted on September 28, 2016, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency believes that you have satisfied the terms of AO V-W-11-AO-05. EPA anticipates no further action on the noncompliance EPA observed during the October 2010 inspection and considers the AO to be closed. Thank you for your efforts to protect water quality. If you have any questions on this matter, please contact Joan Rogers of my staff at (312) 886-2785.

Sincerely,

Christopher Korleski Director, Water Division

Enclosure

cc: Jim Miles, IEPA Bruce Rodely, IEPA Brian Rodely, IEPA

CWA COMPLIANCE EVALUATION INSPECTION REPORT U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, REGION 5

Purpose: Compliance Evaluation Inspection	
Facility: Ex. 6 (Personal Privacy) Farms, Ltd.	
Ex. 6 (Personal Privacy)	
NPDES Permit Number: N/A	
TVIX	
Date of Inspection: September 28, 2016	
September 28, 2010	
EPA Representatives:	210 007 2705
Joan Rogers, Environmental Scientist	312-886-2785
State Representatives:	(10,000,7000
Mr. Bruce Rodely Bruce.rodely@illinois.gov	618-993-7200
	618-993-7200
Mr. Brian Rodely <u>Brian.rodely@illinois.gov</u>	
Ex. 6. (Personal Privacy) Owner	Ex. 6. (Personal Privacy)
Report Prepared by: Joan Rogers, Environmental Scientist	
Report Date: March 28, 2017	
Inspector Signature and Date:	0 3/28/17
Approver Signature: / Dalu	
Approval Date: 4/19/17	

1. BACKGROUND

The purpose of this report is to describe, evaluate and document the compliance with the Clean Water Act (CWA) at its Breese, Illinois facility on September 28, 2016. This inspection was performed pursuant to Section 308(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended.

The Farms facility is a medium dairy operation due to the number of mature dairy cattle at the site. Surface flow at the site would flow to the north about a quarter of a mile and to an intermittent tributary. The unnamed tributary flows approximately 3.18 miles before it reaches the perennial Shoal Creek.

On October 26, 2010, EPA inspected the facility and observed a discharge of process wastewater through a man-made conveyance to a ditch which led to a water of the U.S. EPA issued an Administrative Order (AO) V-W-11-AO-05 on April 19, 2011. Since the issuance of the AO, the facility owner has installed permanent measures to prevent process wastewater from reaching the Waters of the U.S. This inspection is intended to verify the permanent measures that were installed for the intent of closing the AO. The facility does not have an NPDES permit.

2. SITE INSPECTION

Table 1: Site Entry

Arrival Time:	9:45 A.M.
Temperature:	60°F
Precipitation:	None
Presented credentials?	Yes
Credentials presented to whom and at what time?	Facility owner
EPA vehicle parked in approved location?	Yes
Location where EPA vehicle was parked?	At the front of the facility
Disposable boots worn?	Yes
Other bio-security measures taken:	None

2.1 Records Review (The following Records Review tables reflect information provided before the walk-through of the facility, unless otherwise noted.)

Table 2: Documents

Checklist(s) Used	
R5 CAFO Boilerplate Inspection Report as Checklist	
Facility Documents Reviewed:	13.7
None	
If photographs or documents were taken, does the facility consider any to be Confidential Business Information (CBI)?	No

Table 3: Facility Description

Type of Animal	Number of	Capacity	Type of Confinement		
	Animals		-5		
Dairy Cows-Milking	190	Full	Free Stall		
Dairy Cows-Dry	35	Full	Bed Pack/Pasture		
Minimum Number of	Animals in pr	evious 5 years:	Same as current numbers		
Maximum Number of			Same as current numbers		
Number of Animals t	hat are stabled	l/confined	Same as current numbers		
and/or fed/maintained	d for 45 days o	r more in			
previous 12 months:					
Amount of Liquid Ma	anure Generat	ed per year:	7		
Amount of Solid Man					
(Illinois Only) Name	of Certified Li	vestock	None		
Manager for facility:			at the second		
(if 300 animal units o		25			
(Illinois Only) If 1000			N/A		
waste management p	lan maintainec	l at the facility?	C + 8 ,		
(Illinois Only) If AU:	> 5000 has a go	eneral waste	N/A		
management plan be	en submitted t	o the IDOA?	and the second of the second		
Does the facility have	an NPDES Pe	ermit?	No		
SIC or NAICS code:		76	0241		
CAFO Designation D					
CAFO Designation R	leason (If a des	signated CAFO)	2.0		
Do animals have dire	ct access to W	OUS?	No		
Are crops, vegetation	, forage growt	h, or post	No		
harvest residues sust					
season over any porti	ion of the lot o	r facility where			
animals are kept?					
What is the area (acr			5 acres		
What is the area (acr			5 acres		
How many employee	s (not counting	g family	EPA did not ask		
members)?			,		
Other facilities under	r common own	iership (name an	d address): None		

Table 4: Livestock Waste Storage

Type of Storage	Storage Capacity	Type of Liner	Depth Markers Present	Last Time Waste was Removed	Amount of Waste Removed	Days of Storage
Pond	1.6 million gallons	Clay	No	Spring 2016	1.6 million gallons	365
Records at site of storage structure design?		EPA did not a	sk			

Is manure stored for the short term?	Yes. Stacked in a barn. Drains to Pond
If yes, describe where it is stored, how it is	#2.
drained and where it drains to.	#2.
drained and where it drains to.	-9
Are records kept of the level of manure in	EPA did not ask.
the storage structures?	N
When was the last time a storage structure	Spring 2016
was emptied, either partially or	
completely?	5 st.
What amount of manure or process	1.6 million gallons
wastewater was removed the last time the	
storage structure was emptied, either	_
partially or completely?	
Do the facility personnel inspect and keep	Yes, but no records are kept.
records of all diversion devices?	
Do the facility personnel inspect and keep	Yes, but no records are kept.
records of all impoundments?	
Do the facility personnel inspect and keep	Yes, but no records are kept.
records of all the water lines?	
Do the facility personnel perform routine	Yes, but no records are kept.
visual inspections and keep records of the	5
production area?	
Does the waste storage system have a	No
managed outfall or discharge point?	B
Has the facility had any documented	No
discharges of livestock waste to surface	INO
water in the past year?	
	Ma
Are there safety devices installed around	No
any manure storage ponds? (Barriers at	⁵ 8 <
the end of manure push off platforms,	
fences around pond, signage.)	
Additional Information:	None

Table 5: Livestock Waste Management

Describe the way manure is collected and disposed of at the facility:

The barns are flushed and the manure and process wastewater flows via gravity to a settling pit for solids settling. The liquid flows to the ponds.

The heifer pens and dry cow lots are scraped daily and the manure is stacked in a barn. The leachate flows to a flush gutter which then goes to the settling pit and then to the pond.

Describe the way used bedding is collected and disposed of at the facility:

Sand is used for bedding in the freestall barn and is replenished every two weeks. Used sand is reclaimed and recycled. Leachate from the used sand pile flows to the ponds.

Straw for bed packs is put in one time per week.

Are mortality records kept?

No

Describe the way mortalities are managed at the facility:

Mortalities are buried in the fields.

What type of method is used to provide drinking water for the animals?

Float system drinkers are used for watering the cattle.

Describe the way spilled drinking water is collected and disposed of at the facility:

It flows and is handled with the manure.

Describe the way mist cooling water is collected and disposed of at the facility:

It flows and is handled with the manure.

Describe how chemicals are stored and how used or spilled chemicals are collected and disposed of at the facility:

Chemicals are stored in the Milking Parlor.

Describe the way water that has been used to wash/flush barns is collected and disposed of at the facility:

It flows to the 1st stage manure pond.

Describe where water comes from that is used to clean and/or flush. (Wells, city, etc.)

City water is used for cleaning.

Describe the way feed is contained and how runoff from feed is collected and disposed of at the facility:

Feed is contained in a silage bunker, in bags, and in silos.

If a dairy, describe how process wastewater from the plate cooler water is collected and disposed of at the facility:

Plate cooler water is recycled as drinking water for the cattle.

If a dairy, describe how process wastewa parlor is collected and disposed of at the	
It flows and is handled with the manure.	*
If a dairy, describe how process wastewa disposed of at the facility:	ter from the cleaning of the milk tanks is
It flows and is handled with the manure.	<u>.</u>

Table 6: Land Application and Disposal of Manure and Process Wastewater

Table of Earla ripplication and Disposar of Manufe an	de l'ioccas masicinatei
Does the facility perform and keep records of the	Yes, and manure testing is
manure testing?	done 2x per year.
When was the last time a sample was taken of the	Spring 2016
manure and/or process wastewater?	
Describe the process to take the manure and/or	Mauer and Stutz sends bottle to
process wastewater sample.	use for taking a sample when
2	pumping the manure.
3	
Number of acres available for land application:	650
Are land application records kept?	Yes
Who applies the manure and process wastewater to	Facility owner. Contracts out
the fields?	the land application only when
ü e ∃	the manure is to be injected.
Are weather conditions at time of application kept?	Yes
(24 before – 24 after))
Does the facility perform and keep records of the	Yes, and soil testing is done
soil testing?	every two years.
Is manure transferred off-site to another party?	Yes
Are manure transfer records maintained?	Yes
Do facility personnel perform periodic inspection of	Yes
land application equipment?	9
	1

Table 7: Receiving Surface Waters

Describe the surface flow pathways:	ű.
Surface waters would flow less than a quarter of a mile to a dite which approximately 3.18 miles to perennial Shoal Creek.	ch north of the facility
How many months out of the year is there flow in the nearest surface water pathway:	Only when it rains.
Are there any storm water pathways entering the facility?	No, but there are natural springs on site.
Are there any clean water ponds on site?	No
What is the name of the first waterway that is identified as a Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) for surface flow from the facility?	Shoal Creek

Is the surface water pathway nearest to the facility	Intermittent
considered to be ephemeral, intermittent or perennial?	
Has the surface water pathway nearest to the facility been	No
assessed for water quality?	85

Table 8: Nutrient Management Plan

EPA did not review the Nutrient Management Plan

Table 9: Land Application Records (details of the records reviewed)

EPA did not review any land application records, but facility owner stated that phosphorus levels in fields he owns are over 300ppm, so he does not land apply manure on his own fields.

Table 10: Facility Records (details of the records reviewed)

EPA did not review any facility records.

Table 11: NPDES Permit

Facility is not under an NPDES Permit.

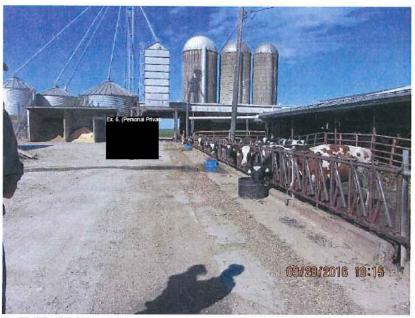
2.2 Walkthrough of the Facility

All photos taken by Joan Rogers, Environmental Scientist/Enforcement Officer Camera: Ricoh WG-4

EPA began the walkthrough to the south of the Milking Parlor and north of the Equipment Barns. EPA walked west and observed the open alley south of the freestall barn. There was concrete curbing to prevent manure and process wastewater from leaving the alley. The freestall barn had gutters and downspouts that kept clean roof water from flowing through the open pen. EPA walked to the commodities building. There, EPA observed that the feed products were under the roof.

Going south around the commodities barn, EPA observed the silage bunker. The silage was well sealed with tarps, tires and lime. During a previous inspection, EPA had observed silage leachate reach a ditch which eventually transported flow to the Shoal Creek. Since that inspection, the facility owner has installed a pit to capture any silage leachate from the silage bunker area. The level of liquid in the pit is visually monitored and when the pit is full, the liquid is pumped to Pond #2.

EPA then walked north on the west side of the facility, past the silos. In a previous inspection, EPA had observed leachate from the silos leaving the silo area and flowing to a ditch which transported flow to the Shoal Creek. Since that inspection, the facility owner has installed underground piping which has its inlet at the base of the silos and outlets into a manhole. The liquid in the manhole is pumped to Pond #2.

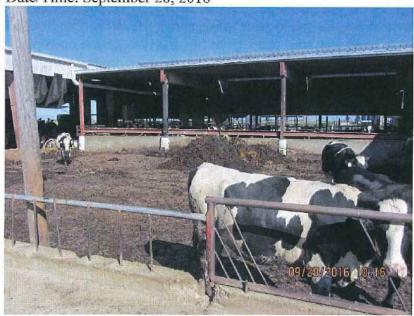


Description: Open alley along the freestall barn has concrete curbing to prevent manure and process wastewater from leaving the pen. Commodities building in back has all commodities under roof.

Location: South of the Milking Parlor and freestall barn

Camera Direction: West

Date/Time: September 28, 2016



2: IMG 0104

Description: Manure stacking inside the pen. Gutters and downspouts divert clean roof water away from open pen.

Location: South of freestall barn

Camera Direction: North

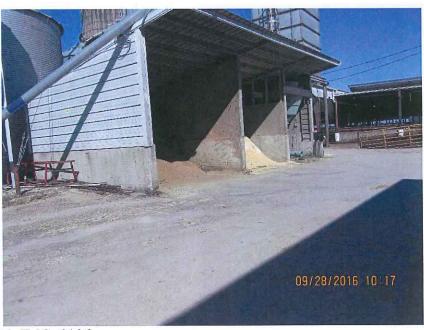


Description: Overhead gutter diverts water from the open pen.

Location: South of freestall barn

Camera Direction: North

Date/Time: September 28, 2016



4: IMG 0106

Description: Commodities building. All feed products are maintained under roof.

Location: Southeast of commodities building

Camera Direction: Northwest Date/Time: September 28, 2016



Description: Leachate from the silage bunker would flow from this corner to a pit.

Location: Northeast corner of silage bunker

Camera Direction: South

Date/Time: September 28, 2016

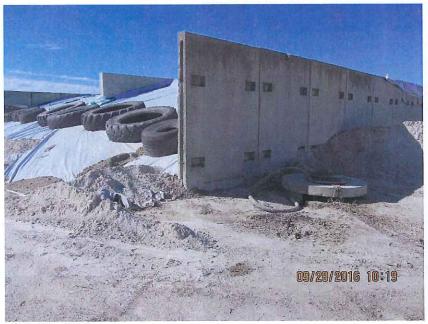


6: IMG 0108

Description: Pit collects silage leachate. Facility owner visually inspects pit for level process wastewater in the pit and when full, it is pumped out.

Location: Northeast corner of silage bunker

Camera Direction: West



Description: Overview of the silage bunker and the pit that collects the silage leachate.

Location: Northeast corner of silage bunker

Camera Direction: Southwest Date/Time: September 28, 2016



8: IMG_0110

Description: A spring leaks water from the ground to the base of the silos.

Location: Silos on west side of facility

Camera Direction: Southeast Date/Time: September 28, 2016



Description: Spring water flows over the ground near the silos.

Location: Silos on west side of facility

Camera Direction: Northwest Date/Time: September 28, 2016



10: IMG 0112

Description: Any process wastewater from the silos goes into inlets at the base of the silos and

from there it is piped underground to a manhole.

Location: Silos on west side of facility

Camera Direction: East/down Date/Time: September 28, 2016



Description: Another inlet for piping that transports process wastewater to a manhole.

Location: Silos on west side of facility

Camera Direction: North/down Date/Time: September 28, 2016



12: IMG 0114

Description: Process wastewater from the silos is piped underground to this manhole. From the manhole, the process wastewater is then piped to Pond #2.

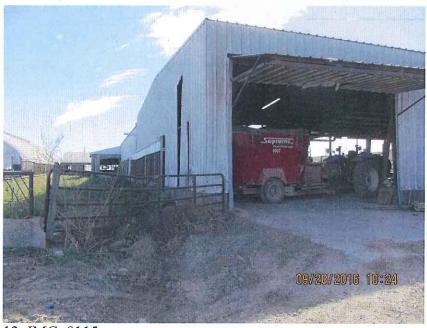
Location: West of silos on the west side of the facility

Camera Direction: West

On the north side of the facility, EPA observed that a former open pen had been decommissioned. The slope of the ground in this area was to the north and any manure or process wastewater would flow with precipitation to Pond #2. This included any process wastewater from the solids manure stacking that was located in the barn at the northwest corner of the facility.

A stack of reclaimed sand was drying in the open, but again, any leachate of process wastewater from the sand pile would flow to Pond #2. EPA noted that there was more than two feet of freeboard in both Pond #2 and Pond #1. The berms of the ponds were well maintained on the day of the inspection.

EPA concluded the walk-through by walking south along the east side of the facility. EPA did not observe any areas of concern during the inspection.



13: IMG 0115

Description: Feed mixer kept in barn. There was formerly an outdoor pen to the left of this barn.

The pen has been decommissioned.

Location: West side of facility

Camera Direction: East



Description: Decommissioned pen on the left hand side of the photo. Process wastewater from

the concreted areas would flow with precipitation to Pond #2.

Location: Northwest corner of the facility

Camera Direction: West

Date/Time: September 28, 2016

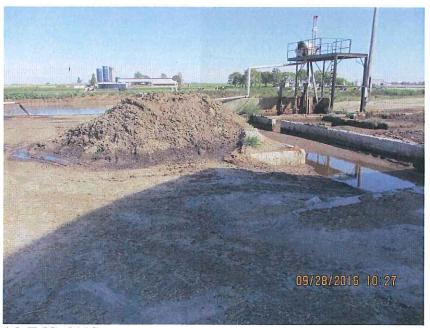


15: IMG 0117

Description: Process wastewater from this concreted area would flow with precipitation to Pond

Location: Northwest corner of the facility

Camera Direction: Northeast Date/Time: September 28, 2016



Description: Recycled sand is stacked on the concrete to dry. Process wastewater from the sand

would flow to Pond #2. Location: South of Pond #2 Camera Direction: North

Date/Time: September 28, 2016



17: IMG 0119

Description: Gutter inside barn collects manure and process wastewater from the barn.

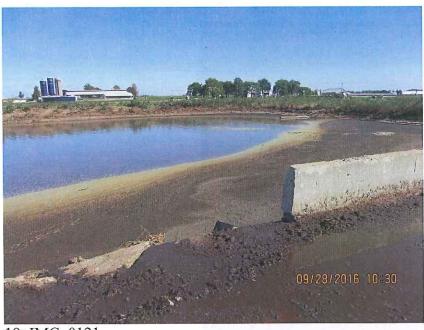
Location: West side of barn south of manure ponds

Camera Direction: South



Description: Manure Pond #2 had sufficient freeboard on the day of the inspection.

Location: South of Manure Pond #2 Camera Direction: Northwest Date/Time: September 28, 2016



19: IMG 0121

Description: Manure Pond #2 had sufficient freeboard on the day of the inspection.

Location: South of Manure Pond #2

Camera Direction: Northeast Date/Time: September 28, 2016



Description: Solids stacking inside barn at the northwest corner of the facility. Leachate would

flow to Pond #2.

Location: Northwest corner of the facility

Camera Direction: West

Date/Time: September 28, 2016



21: IMG_0123

Description: Pond #1.

Location: South of Pond #1 Camera Direction: Northeast



Description: Cows in the pasture to the north and east of the manure ponds.

Location: Southeast of manure ponds

Camera Direction: North

Date/Time: September 28, 2016

2.3 Closing Conference and Post-Inspection

Table 12: Post Walk-Through

Were specific "Potential Violations" discussed with	facility personnel?	None
		observed.
Were specific "Areas of Concern" discussed with fac	cility personnel?	None
	-	observed.
Who were the Potential Violations or Areas of Conc	ern discussed with?	N/A
Compliance assistance materials given to facility per		
Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations Final Rulema	king – Fact Sheet	
U.S. EPA Small Business Resources Information Sheet	×	£
NRCS Most Common Conservation Practices for Confi	ned Livestock Fact S	Sheet
Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) Bro	chure	10 No
Exit Time:	10:45 A.M.	
Disposable Boots Left at Facility?	Yes	
Vehicle Washed after leaving facility?	Yes	
Date and Time that vehicle was washed:	September 28, 2010	6 at
	6:00P.M.	

Table 13: Waterway Documentation

EPA observed the ditch adjacent to the facility. It was dry and EPA did not observe any pathways from the facility to the ditch.

Table 14a: Sampling Information EPA did not take any samples.

3. POTENTIAL VIOLATIONS

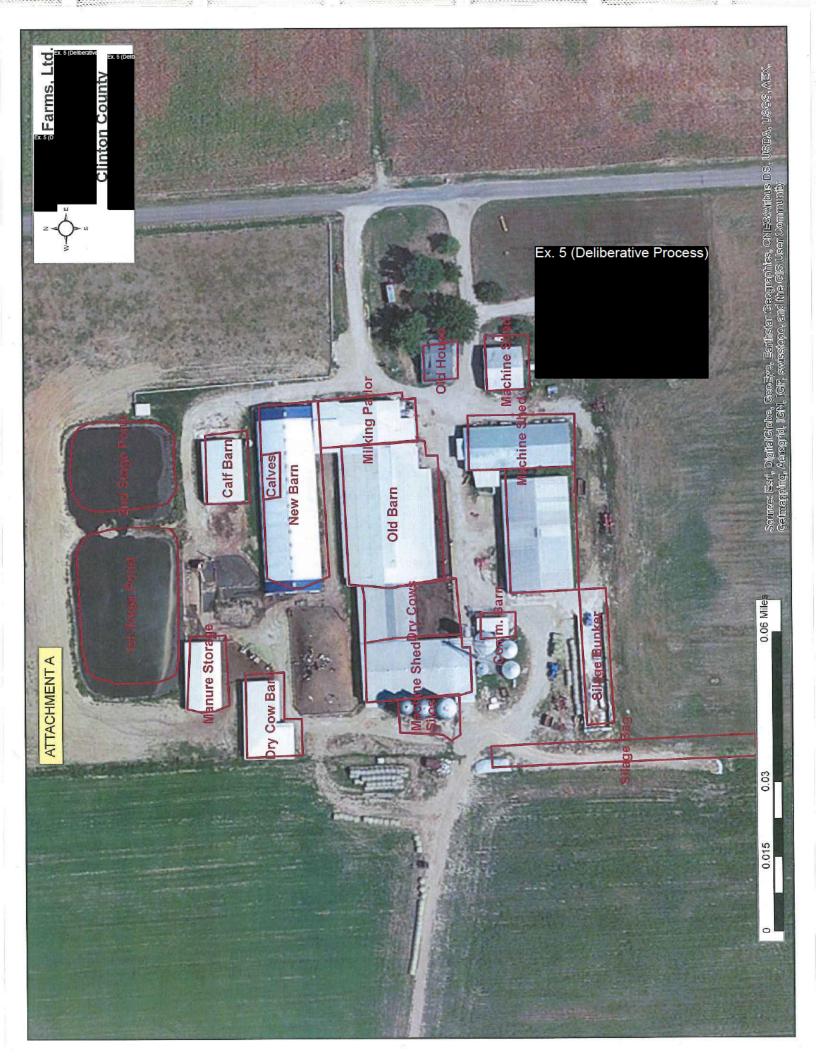
According to Section 301(a) of the Clean Water Act, it is a violation to discharge pollutants from a CAFO to waters of the United States without a permit. EPA did not observe any potential discharges.

4. AREAS OF CONCERN

EPA did not observe any areas of concern whereby pollutants have the potential to reach waters of the United States.

5. LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

A) Aerial photograph of Farm with buildings labeled.



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